

WELL CHILD EXAM -

Ą	Washington State DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL 6-HEALTH SERVICES	_		ICE: 18 YEARS DT Guidelines)	DATE	
	-	ADO	LESCENC	E: 18 YEARS		
ш	CHILD'S NAME	-			DATE OF BIRTH	
LETI	ALLERGIES			CURRENT MEDICATIONS		
NT TO COMI OUT SELF	ILLNESSES/ACCIDENTS/PROBLEMS/CONCERNS SINCE LAST \			/ISIT TODAY I HA	VE A QUESTION ABOUT:	
ADOLESCENT TO COMPLETE ABOUT SELF	YES NO I eat breakfast every day. I have someone I can talk to. I am happy with how I am doing in school and/or		☐ I get enough sleep;hours per night.			
VEIGHT K	G./OZ. PERCENTILE	HEIGHT CM/IN. PERCENTILE BLOOD PRES	SSURE	Diet		
☐ Review of systems		☐ Review of family history	Review Immunization Record		cord	
Screening: Hearing Screen		MHZ R L 4000		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Vision Screen Development Behavior Social Emotional Mental Health		R 20/ L 20/ N A		 Sex education/birth control □ Suicide/Depression □ Dental Care □ Self-Exam □ Future Plans □ School Plans Assessment/Plan: 		
Physical: General appearance Skin Head Eyes Ears Nose Oropharynx/Teeth Neck Nodes Describe abnormal find		N A Chest Lungs Cardiovascular/Pulses Abdomen Genitalia Spine Extremities Neurologic Gait ngs and comments:	N A			
				IMMUNIZATIONS GIVEN		
				REFERRALS		
NEXT VISIT:				HEALTH PROVIDER NAME		

DSHS 13-686B(X) (REV. 08/2004) - TRANSLATED

HEALTH PROVIDER SIGNATURE

 \square SEE DICTATION

HEALTH PROVIDER ADDRESS

Caring For Your Health at 18 Years

What Your Body Needs

Your dentist should be able to tell you when or if, you will be getting your wisdom teeth. Continue to brush with fluoride toothpaste and floss daily.

Learn how to be a smart health care consumer, it can save your health (life). Ask your doctor for a medical history form. Fill it out with your parents and keep it for YOUR records.

You will need health checkups throughout your life. Ask your doctor what preventive health screenings will you need and when you will need them. Blood pressure checks? Cholesterol tests? Pap tests? Mammograms? Shots? When? How often?

Young men should learn to do a testicular self-exam (check their testicles). Risk for testicular cancer is greatest in your 20's and 30's.

Young women should learn how to do a breast self-exam. Protect yourself by knowing your body.

For Help or More Information

To quit smoking: You can look up smoking cessation on the Internet or call the American Cancer Society or the American Heart Association.

Sexuality Information For Teens: www.teenwire.com.

Domestic Violence Hotline: 1-800-562-6025

Many community centers and colleges offer stress reduction classes.

Healthy Behaviors

Regular exercise is very important. You need to exercise for a half an hour at least 3 times a week for the rest of your life. Invite your parents to walk or ride a bike with you, so they get exercise too.

Nutrition is always important. Remember, people keep growing into their twenties. Eat a balanced diet including fruits, vegetables and calcium. Many conditions in older age can be avoided by eating correctly as a young adult.

Find out about diet pills and steroids before you try them. Taking these drugs instead of eating food may mean your body is not getting the nutrients it needs. All drugs have side effects. Find out about these side effects.

Life Style

If you smoke or use chew find a program to help you quit. Besides causing cancer and heart disease, tobacco gives you bad breath and wrinkles your skin. Think of what you could do with the money you would save.

Recognize the signs of stress. Find ways to relax like exercise, yoga, art, or meditation. Take a stress reduction class.

Men and women should know about appropriate family planning, how to protect themselves from unplanned pregnancy, and sexually transmitted disease.

Safety Tips

Pay attention to safety. Use sunscreen. Be safe on the job. Wear protective gear, pads, helmets, back braces and safety glasses.

Use seat belts on every ride. Insist your passengers use theirs too.

Learn to protect yourself from sexual or physical abuse. It is never okay. Know that you can get help. If you know someone who is in danger, help them find a shelter or get other help.

Guidance to Physicians and Nurse Practitioners for Adolescence (18 years)

The following highlight EPSDT screens where practitioners often have questions. They are not comprehensive guidelines.

Fluoride Screen

Fluoride supplements should be considered for all children drinking fluoride deficient (<0.6 ppm F) water. Before supplements are prescribed, it is essential to know the fluoride concentration of the patient's drinking water. Once the fluoride level of the water supply has been evaluated, either through contacting the public health officials or water analysis, as well as evaluating other sources of fluoride, the daily dosage schedule can be recommended. Pediatric Dentistry: Reference Manual 1999--00.(21)5.

Screens for Sexually Active Teens

- Gonorrhea/chlamydia.
- Pap smear.
- Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV).

Hepatitis B Vaccine

For children and adolescents not vaccinated against hepatitis B in infancy, begin the hepatitis B vaccine series
during any childhood visit. Give the second dose at least one month after the first dose and give the third
dose at least four months after the first dose and at least two months after the second dose.

High Risk Behavior

Discuss behaviors such as these:

- Depression.
- Drugs.
- · Smoking.
- Sexual contacts (and need for protection and contraception).
- Suicide.
- Guns.

Notes: Immunization schedules are from the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practice of the US Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.